

### Overview

#### Useful For

Biochemical diagnosis and monitoring of intestinal carcinoid syndrome using random urine specimens

#### Method Name

Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

#### NY State Available

Yes

### Specimen

#### Specimen Type

Urine

#### Ordering Guidance

This test uses a random urine collection to assess 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid concentrations. If a 24-hour urine collection is preferred, order HIAA / 5-Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid, 24 Hour, Urine.

#### Necessary Information

**Patient's age and sex are required.**

#### Specimen Required

##### Patient Preparation:

1. Some medications could interfere with test results. If medically feasible, for 48 hours before specimen collection, patient should not take the following medications:

- Acetaminophen (Tylenol or generic versions)
- Tryptophan containing supplements

2. For 48 hours prior to the urine collection, the patient should limit the following to one serving per day:

- Fruits
- Vegetables
- Nuts
- Caffeinated beverages or foods

**Supplies:** Urine Tubes, 10 mL (T068)

**Container/Tube:** Plastic, 10-mL urine tube

**Specimen Volume:** 5 mL

##### Collection Instructions:

1. Collect a random urine specimen.
2. Store and send refrigerate

## Specimen Minimum Volume

2 mL

## Reject Due To

All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

## Specimen Stability Information

| Specimen Type | Temperature              | Time     | Special Container |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Urine         | Refrigerated (preferred) | 56 days  |                   |
|               | Frozen                   | 365 days |                   |

## Clinical & Interpretive

### Clinical Information

5-Hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA) is the major metabolite of serotonin and is excreted in the urine. Intestinal carcinoid tumors, along with neuroendocrine tumors, can produce excess amounts of 5-HIAA and serotonin, especially in individuals with carcinoid syndrome. Carcinoid syndrome is characterized by carcinoid tumors, flushing, heart disease, and hepatomegaly.

Measurement of 5-HIAA in a random urine specimen can diagnose carcinoid disease with a high specificity.

### Reference Values

99th percentile cutoff

| Age             | Female<br>mg/g<br>creatinine | Male<br>mg/g creatinine |
|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| < or =23 months | < or =17.53                  | < or =16.42             |
| 24-35 months    | < or =17.07                  | < or =15.96             |
| 3 years         | < or =16.70                  | < or =15.60             |
| 4 years         | < or =16.03                  | < or =14.93             |
| 5 years         | < or =15.26                  | < or =14.17             |
| 6 years         | < or =14.40                  | < or =13.34             |
| 7 years         | < or =13.47                  | < or =12.43             |
| 8 years         | < or =12.52                  | < or =11.52             |
| 9 years         | < or =11.58                  | < or =10.63             |
| 10 years        | < or =10.67                  | < or =9.79              |
| 11 years        | < or =9.81                   | < or =9.00              |
| 12 years        | < or =9.02                   | < or =8.29              |
| 13 years        | < or =8.32                   | < or =7.65              |
| 14 years        | < or =7.70                   | < or =7.08              |
| 15 years        | < or =7.16                   | < or =6.59              |
| 16 years        | < or =6.72                   | < or =6.15              |

|          |            |            |
|----------|------------|------------|
| 17 years | < or =6.36 | < or =5.78 |
| 18 years | < or =6.08 | < or =5.45 |
| 19 years | < or =5.88 | < or =5.17 |
| 20 years | < or =5.73 | < or =4.93 |
| 21 years | < or =5.64 | < or =4.73 |
| 22 years | < or =5.59 | < or =4.55 |
| 23 years | < or =5.57 | < or =4.40 |
| 24 years | < or =5.57 | < or =4.28 |
| 25 years | < or =5.58 | < or =4.19 |
| 26 years | < or =5.61 | < or =4.11 |
| 27 years | < or =5.64 | < or =4.06 |
| 28 years | < or =5.67 | < or =4.03 |
| 29 years | < or =5.70 | < or =4.02 |
| 30 years | < or =5.72 | < or =4.01 |
| 31 years | < or =5.75 | < or =4.02 |
| 32 years | < or =5.77 | < or =4.03 |
| 33 years | < or =5.78 | < or =4.05 |
| 34 years | < or =5.79 | < or =4.06 |
| 35 years | < or =5.80 | < or =4.08 |
| 36 years | < or =5.80 | < or =4.09 |
| 37 years | < or =5.80 | < or =4.11 |
| 38 years | < or =5.80 | < or =4.12 |
| 39 years | < or =5.81 | < or =4.14 |
| 40 years | < or =5.82 | < or =4.17 |
| 41 years | < or =5.85 | < or =4.22 |
| 42 years | < or =5.89 | < or =4.27 |
| 43 years | < or =5.95 | < or =4.35 |
| 44 years | < or =6.04 | < or =4.43 |
| 45 years | < or =6.14 | < or =4.53 |
| 46 years | < or =6.26 | < or =4.63 |
| 47 years | < or =6.40 | < or =4.75 |
| 48 years | < or =6.55 | < or =4.86 |
| 49 years | < or =6.71 | < or =4.99 |
| 50 years | < or =6.86 | < or =5.11 |
| 51 years | < or =7.01 | < or =5.24 |
| 52 years | < or =7.15 | < or =5.37 |
| 53 years | < or =7.29 | < or =5.51 |
| 54 years | < or =7.41 | < or =5.64 |
| 55 years | < or =7.52 | < or =5.78 |
| 56 years | < or =7.62 | < or =5.91 |
| 57 years | < or =7.71 | < or =6.05 |
| 58 years | < or =7.80 | < or =6.17 |
| 59 years | < or =7.88 | < or =6.29 |
| 60 years | < or =7.95 | < or =6.41 |

|               |            |            |
|---------------|------------|------------|
| 61 years      | < or =8.02 | < or =6.51 |
| 62 years      | < or =8.09 | < or =6.60 |
| 63 years      | < or =8.15 | < or =6.69 |
| 64 years      | < or =8.21 | < or =6.76 |
| 65 years      | < or =8.28 | < or =6.82 |
| 66 years      | < or =8.34 | < or =6.88 |
| 67 years      | < or =8.40 | < or =6.93 |
| 68 years      | < or =8.46 | < or =6.97 |
| 69 years      | < or =8.52 | < or =7.00 |
| 70 years      | < or =8.58 | < or =7.03 |
| 71 years      | < or =8.65 | < or =7.06 |
| 72 years      | < or =8.71 | < or =7.08 |
| 73 years      | < or =8.77 | < or =7.10 |
| 74 years      | < or =8.82 | < or =7.11 |
| 75 years      | < or =8.86 | < or =7.11 |
| 76 years      | < or =8.90 | < or =7.11 |
| 77 years      | < or =8.92 | < or =7.10 |
| 78 years      | < or =8.93 | < or =7.09 |
| 79 years      | < or =8.93 | < or =7.07 |
| 80 years      | < or =8.92 | < or =7.05 |
| 81 years      | < or =8.90 | < or =7.02 |
| 82 years      | < or =8.88 | < or =7.00 |
| 83 years      | < or =8.86 | < or =6.98 |
| 84 years      | < or =8.85 | < or =6.97 |
| 85 years      | < or =8.84 | < or =6.95 |
| 86 years      | < or =8.84 | < or =6.94 |
| 87 years      | < or =8.84 | < or =6.94 |
| 88 years      | < or =8.84 | < or =6.94 |
| >or= 89 years | < or =8.85 | < or =6.93 |

### Interpretation

If pharmacological and dietary artifacts have been ruled out, an elevated excretion of 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid is a probable indicator of the presence of a serotonin-producing tumor.

### Cautions

Intake of food with a high content of serotonin (avocados, dates, eggplant, all fruit [including bananas, cantaloupe, grapefruit, kiwifruit, melons, pineapple, plantains, plums], all nuts [including hickory nuts, butternuts, pecans, walnuts], and tomatoes and tomato products) within 48 hours of the urine collection could result in falsely elevated 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA) excretion.

Numerous drugs affect the excretion of 5-HIAA by different mechanisms, including increased serotonin synthesis, metabolism, and release and inhibition of uptake. The following medications can interfere with 5-HIAA results.

- Acetaminophen (Tylenol or generic versions)
- Tryptophan containing supplements

Patient should also avoid caffeinated beverages, such as tea and coffee, or caffeinated foods, such as dark chocolate, for 48 hours before and during specimen collection.

**Clinical Reference**

1. Grimaldi F, Fazio N, Attanasio R, et al. Italian Association of Clinical Endocrinologists (AME) position statement: a stepwise clinical approach to the diagnosis of gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine neoplasms. *J Endocrinol Invest.* 2014;37(9):875-909. doi:10.1007/s40618-014-0119-0
2. Vinik A, Hughes MS, Feliberti E, et al. Carcinoid tumors. In: Feingold KR, Anawalt B, Boyce A, et al, eds. *Endotext* [Internet]. MDText.com, Inc; 2000. Updated August 25, 2023. Accessed April 1, 2025. Available at [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK279162/](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK279162/)
3. Shah D, Mandot A, Cerejo C, Amarapurkar D, Pal A: The outcome of primary hepatic neuroendocrine tumors: A single-center experience. *J Clin Exp Hepatol.* 2019;9(6):710-715. doi:10.1016/j.jceh.2019.08.002
4. Perry D, Hayek SS. Carcinoid heart disease. A guide for clinicians. *Cardiol Clin.* 2019;37(4):497-503. doi:10.1016/j.ccl.2019.07.014
5. Degnan AJ, Tocchio S, Kurtom W, Tadros SS. Pediatric neuroendocrine carcinoid tumors: Management, pathology, and imaging findings in a pediatric referral center. *Pediatr Blood Cancer.* 2017;64(9). doi:10.1002/pbc.26477
6. Corcuff JB, Chardon L, El Hajji Ridah I, Brossaud J. Urinary sampling for 5HIAA and metanephrines determination: revisiting the recommendations. *Endocr Connect.* 2017;6(6):R87-R98. doi:10.1530/EC-17-0071

**Performance****Method Description**

5-Hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA) is measured by solid phase extraction of an aliquot from a random urine collection and liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry analysis. 5-HIAA is quantitated using a custom synthesized stable isotope labeled internal standard (d6-5-HIAA) from calibration over a concentration range 0.5 to 150 mg/L. (Kroll CA, Magera MJ, Helgeson JK, Matern D, Rinaldo P. Liquid chromatographic-tandem mass spectrometric method for the determination of 5-hydroxyindole-3-acetic acid in urine. *Clin Chem.* 2002;48[11]:2049-2051; Calanchini M, Tadman M, Krogh J, Fabbri A, Grossman A, Shine B. Measurement of urinary 5-HIAA: correlation between spot versus 24-h urine collection. *Endocr Connect.* 2019;8(8):1082-1088)

**PDF Report**

No

**Day(s) Performed**

Monday through Friday

**Report Available**

2 to 4 days

**Specimen Retention Time**

7 days

**Performing Laboratory Location**

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Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

## Fees & Codes

### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

### Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

### CPT Code Information

83497

### LOINC® Information

| Test ID | Test Order Name   | Order LOINC® Value |
|---------|-------------------|--------------------|
| HIAAR   | 5-HIAA, Random, U | 11145-0            |

| Result ID | Test Result Name  | Result LOINC® Value |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 616090    | 5-HIAA, Random, U | 11145-0             |