



# Test Definition: MNS

Manganese, Serum

## Overview

### Useful For

Monitoring manganese exposure using serum specimens

Nutritional monitoring

### Special Instructions

- [Metals Analysis Specimen Collection and Transport](#)

### Method Name

Triple-Quadrupole Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS/MS)

### NY State Available

Yes

## Specimen

### Specimen Type

Serum

### Specimen Required

**Patient Preparation:** High concentrations of gadolinium and iodine are known to potentially interfere with most inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry-based metal tests. If either gadolinium- or iodine-containing contrast media has been administered, **a specimen should not be collected for 96 hours.**

#### Supplies:

- Metal Free B-D Tube (No Additive), 6 mL (T184)
- Metal Free Specimen Vial (T173)

**Collection Container/Tube:** 6 mL Plain, royal blue-top Vacutainer plastic trace element blood collection tube

**Submission Container/Tube:** 7-mL Mayo metal-free, screw-capped, polypropylene vial

**Specimen Volume:** 1.6 mL Serum

**Collection Instructions:** See [Metals Analysis Specimen Collection and Transport](#) for complete instructions.

### Specimen Minimum Volume

Serum: 0.3 mL

### Reject Due To

Gross hemolysis	Reject
Gross lipemia	OK

Gross icterus	OK
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## Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Refrigerated (preferred)	28 days	METAL FREE
	Ambient	28 days	METAL FREE
	Frozen	28 days	METAL FREE

## Clinical & Interpretive

### Clinical Information

Manganese (Mn) is a trace essential element with many industrial uses. Mining and iron and steel production have been implicated as occupational sources of exposure. It is principally used in steel production to improve hardness, stiffness, and strength. Mn is a normal constituent of air, soil, water, and food. The primary non-occupational source of exposure is by eating food or Mn-containing nutritional supplements. Vegetarians who consume foods rich in Mn such as grains, beans, and nuts, as well as heavy tea drinkers may have a higher intake than the average person. People who smoke tobacco or inhale second-hand smoke are also exposed to Mn at higher levels than nonsmokers.

Inhalation is the primary source of entry for Mn, but is also partially absorbed (3%-5%) through the gastrointestinal tract. Only very small amounts of Mn are absorbed dermally. Signs of toxicity may appear quickly, and neurological symptoms are rarely reversible. Mn toxicity is generally recognized to progress through 3 stages. Levy describes these stages. "The first stage is a prodrome of malaise, somnolence, apathy, emotional lability, sexual dysfunction, weakness, lethargy, anorexia, and headaches. If there is continued exposure, progression to a second stage may occur, with psychological disturbances, including impaired memory and judgement, anxiety, and sometimes psychotic manifestations such as hallucinations. The third stage consists of progressive bradykinesia, dysarthria axial and extremity dystonia, paresis, gait disturbances, cogwheel rigidity, intention tremor, impaired coordination, and a mask-like face. Many of those affected may be permanently and completely disabled."<sup>(1)</sup> Mn is removed from the blood by the liver where it's conjugated with bile and excreted.

As listed in the United States National Agriculture Library, Mn adequate intake is 1.6 to 2.3 mg/day for adults. This level of intake is easily achieved without supplementation by a diverse diet including fruits and vegetables, which have higher amounts of Mn than other food types. Patients on a long-term parenteral nutrition should receive Mn supplementation and should be monitored to ensure that circulatory levels of Mn are appropriate.

### Reference Values

0-17 years: Not established

> or =18 years: 0.4-0.9 ng/mL

### Interpretation

Serum manganese results above the reference values suggest recent exposure. Serum concentrations in combination with brain magnetic resonance imaging scans and neurological assessment may be used to detect excessive exposure.

### Cautions

Specimens collected from healthy, unexposed adults have extremely low levels of manganese (Mn). Because of the high environmental concentration of Mn, contamination is always a possibility when considering elevated results. Precautions must be taken to ensure the specimen is not contaminated. Metal-free serum collection procedures must be followed, and centrifuged serum must be aliquoted into an acid-washed Mayo metal-free vial.

**Clinical Reference**

1. Levy BS, Nassetta WJ. Neurologic effects of manganese in humans: A review. *Int J Occup Environ Health*. 2003;9(2):153-163. doi:10.1179/oeh.2003.9.2.153
2. Chiswell B, Johnson D. Manganese: In: Seiler HG, Sigel A, Sigel H, eds. *Handbook on Metals in Clinical and Analytical Chemistry*. CRC Press; 1994:479-494
3. Finley JW, Davis CD. Manganese deficiency and toxicity: Are high or low dietary amounts of manganese cause for concern? *Biofactors*. 1999;10(1):15-24. doi:10.1002/biof.5520100102
4. Rifai N, Chiu RWK, Young I, Burnham CAD, Wittwer CT, eds: *Tietz Textbook of Laboratory Medicine*. 7th ed. Elsevier; 2023
5. O'Neal SL, Zheng W. Manganese toxicity upon overexposure: a decade in review. *Curr Environ Health Rep*. 2015;2(3):315-328. doi:10.1007/s40572-015-0056-x
6. Glasdam SM, Glasdam S, Peters GH. The importance of magnesium in the human body: A systematic literature review. *Adv Clin Chem*. 2016;73:169-193. doi:10.1016/bs.acc.2015.10.002

**Performance****Method Description**

The metal of interest is analyzed by triple-quadrupole inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry.(Unpublished Mayo method)

**PDF Report**

No

**Day(s) Performed**

Monday through Friday

**Report Available**

1 to 4 days

**Specimen Retention Time**

14 days

**Performing Laboratory Location**

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Superior Drive

**Fees & Codes**

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**Fees**

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

**Test Classification**

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

**CPT Code Information**

83785

**LOINC® Information**

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
MNS	Manganese, S	5683-8

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
8413	Manganese, S	5683-8